

Table 1. Percent knowing someone who engaged in the designated behavior by type of relationship domain and type of behavior

Behavior	Relationship domain:				
	Siblings	Other Relatives	Friends	Co-Workers	Any
Child care	19	29	51	35	67
Cohabited	8	12	38	18	47
Non-marital birth	2	4	13	5	17
Said will not marry	5	9	23	14	32
35+ and not married	10	27	39	41	73
Any	34	52	77	58	92

Table 2. Percent distribution of the number of relationship domains in which a person knows someone who has engaged in the specified behavior

Behavior	Number of relationship domains:					Total
	0	1	2	3	4	
Child care	33	27	20	13	7	100
Cohabit	53	25	16	5	2	100
Non-marital birth	83	13	3	1	0	100
Said will not marry	68	18	10	3	1	100
35+ and not married	26	42	22	8	1	100

Table 3. Distribution by gender, 5-year age group, marital status, education, coresidence with parents (or parents-in-law), and size of place of residence

Variable	Category	Weighted percent distribution
Gender	Male <sup>#</sup>	51
	Female	49
Age	25-29	23
	30-34	22
	35-39 <sup>#</sup>	17
	40-44	17
	45-49	21
Marital status	Currently single <sup>#</sup>	33
	Currently married	67
Education	Junior high	7
	Senior high <sup>#</sup>	43
	Professional/other <sup>1</sup>	12
	Junior college	14
	University	24
Coresidence	Co-residing with parents (in-law)	46
	Not co-residing with parents (in-law) <sup>#</sup>	54
Size of residence	Large metropolitan city	22
	Medium size city <sup>#</sup>	20
	Small city	18
	Rural area	20

<sup>#</sup>Reference category used subsequently in the multivariate analysis.

<sup>1</sup> These are non-university schools that provide training in bookkeeping, accounting and/or computer usage for white collar jobs.

Table 4. Results from ordered logistic regression models of knowledge of behaviors by attitudes,<sup>1</sup> within relationship types

Domain	Child suffer	Woman full life	Man full life	Should not Cohabit	Nonmarital birth	Sex before marriage
<u>Had a baby in childcare</u>						
Sibling	<b>0.27***<sup>2</sup></b>	-0.04	-0.17	-0.10	0.12	-0.04
Relative	<b>0.26***</b>	0.03	-0.09	0.01	-0.02	0.01
Friend	<b>0.28***</b>	<b>0.19**</b>	-0.04	0.04	<b>0.20**</b>	0.11
Co-worker	<b>0.35***</b>	0.01	<b>-0.14*</b>	0.02	0.02	0.11
Any	<b>0.29***</b>	<b>0.14*</b>	-0.07	0.06	<b>0.15*</b>	0.10
<u>Cohabited</u>						
Sibling	0.11	<b>0.39**</b>	<b>0.33*</b>	<b>0.79***</b>	<b>0.59***</b>	<b>0.55***</b>
Relative	0.13	<b>0.23*</b>	<b>0.24*</b>	<b>0.48***</b>	<b>0.31**</b>	<b>0.32**</b>
Friend	<b>0.21**</b>	<b>0.39***</b>	<b>0.33***</b>	<b>0.73***</b>	<b>0.53***</b>	<b>0.84***</b>
Co-worker	<b>0.20*</b>	<b>0.18*</b>	0.12	<b>0.59***</b>	<b>0.32***</b>	<b>0.68***</b>
Any	<b>0.19**</b>	<b>0.33***</b>	<b>0.26***</b>	<b>0.71***</b>	<b>0.49***</b>	<b>0.80***</b>
<u>Had non-marital birth</u>						
Sibling	0.11	0.87***	<b>0.67*</b>	0.16	<b>1.02**</b>	0.11
Relative	0.02	0.33	0.17	0.06	0.10	0.18
Friend	0.16	<b>0.35***</b>	<b>0.36***</b>	<b>0.39***</b>	<b>0.48***</b>	0.15
Co-worker	0.08	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.06
Any	0.09	<b>0.33***</b>	<b>0.27**</b>	<b>0.32***</b>	<b>0.44***</b>	<b>0.18*</b>
<u>Said might not marry</u>						
Sibling	-0.09	<b>0.40**</b>	0.21	-0.11	0.12	-0.17
Relative	-0.20	<b>0.43***</b>	<b>0.31**</b>	-0.12	0.00	-0.14
Friend	0.03	<b>0.43***</b>	<b>0.38***</b>	<b>0.17*</b>	<b>0.19*</b>	<b>0.31***</b>
Co-worker	0.07	<b>0.26*</b>	<b>0.29*</b>	0.04	0.01	<b>0.21*</b>
Any	-0.00	<b>0.30***</b>	<b>0.26**</b>	0.13	0.06	<b>0.24**</b>
<u>35+ and not married</u>						
Sibling	-0.04	<b>0.30**</b>	0.16	-0.03	0.10	0.06
Relative	-0.07	0.05	-0.12	0.03	0.02	-0.02
Friend	0.13	<b>0.17*</b>	-0.00	0.02	0.12	0.09
Co-worker	<b>0.15*</b>	0.01	0.13	0.08	0.07	<b>0.44***</b>
Any	-0.01	0.13	0.05	-0.02	0.07	<b>0.33***</b>

<sup>1</sup> Attitudes are coded so that high scores represent the least traditional position. Significant coefficients are in bold, with \* = .05, \*\* = .01, and \*\*\* = .001.

<sup>2</sup> The value of 0.27 in the upper left cell corresponds to an ordered logistic regression in which the response variable is the respondent's attitude (one of five categories) indicating how much they agree or disagree with the statement that a preschool child suffers if its mother works and the predictor variable is whether the respondent has a sibling with a child in day care.